

provides the fundamental theory of medical massage (Tui Na) of Chinese medicine, and discusses different techniques and their indications.

**CMED 3065 Acupuncture–Clinical Practice (0.5, 0, \*)  
Attachment**

Co-requisite: CMED 3036 Acupuncture–Clinical Practice  
This course aims to provide students with the opportunities to observe the use of acupuncture in clinical practice. Through observation and participation, students will develop their skills in history taking, practitioner-patient interaction, physical examination, diagnosis and treatments.

**CMED 3068-9 中醫骨傷、推拿學——實驗 (1,0,3)  
(一)及(二)**

**Orthopaedics and Traumatology of Chinese  
Medicine and Tui Na Laboratory I & II**

兼修科目：CMED 3058-9 中醫骨傷、推拿學(一)及(二)  
本課程分為兩個學期進行，是配合 CMED3058-9 課程的實驗課，鞏固前期所學的課程知識，理論聯繫實際，培訓學生具體的檢查、治療操作能力。使學生在骨傷、推拿的臨床專業知識、技能方面都能達到期望要求。在課程中努力培養學生專業知識的深入掌握，思考應用，相互交流，團隊協作，掌握實際操作技能，建立學生成為醫生的信心、臨證基礎。

Co-requisite: CMED 3058-9 Orthopaedics and Traumatology of Chinese Medicine and Tui Na I & II

This course affords students clinical exposure in orthopaedics and traumatology of Chinese medicine through hospitals and clinics. It also provides students with practical experiences in Tui Na.

**CMED 3070 中醫綜合見習 (1,0,\*)  
Chinese Medicine Integrated Clinical Practice**

綜合見習中醫所有臨床學科，如婦科、兒科、五官科、外科等，擴大學員的診斷各類病症的見習機會。  
Through clinical observation, this course aims at enhancing student's understanding of basic knowledge taught in clinical courses, including Gynecology of TCM, Surgery of TCM, Orthopedics of TCM, Pediatrics of TCM together with Ophthalmology and Otorhinolaryngology of TCM.

**CMED 3111-2 中醫內科學(一) (4,4,0)  
Internal Medicine of Chinese Medicine I  
中醫內科學(二) (3,3,0)  
Internal Medicine of Chinese Medicine II**

本科是運用中醫學理論和中醫臨床思維方法研究並闡明內科疾病的病因、病機、證候、診斷、辨證論治規律和轉歸預後以及預防、康復、調攝等問題的一門臨床學科。本科列舉了五十五種內科常見病證的診斷與治療方法，以便達到學習掌握較為全面和系統的中醫內科學基本理論、基本知識和基本技能的目的。

This course aims to equip students with knowledge and skills in applying internal Chinese medicine to treat various kinds of internal diseases of different systems. The students will learn to apply the knowledge acquired during the first two years of TCM studies to diagnose and to treat internal diseases by TCM syndrome differentiation and Chinese medicinal formulas. Upon completion of this course, students are expected to be capable of: (i) Making correct TCM diagnosis, syndrome differentiation and principles for the treatment of internal diseases; (ii) Applying the appropriate TCM formulas to treat internal diseases; (iii) Advising lifestyle adjustments and healthy living to patients on the relevant condition based on TCM theories.

**CMED 3120 教學實習 (7,0,\*)  
Practicum**

本科旨在讓學生們在中醫師或醫院工作人員的指導下，在臨床實踐中取得對病人治療和護理以及診所管理的實用知識。此科為期八個星期。

This 8-week course aims to provide students with training opportunities in TCM internal medicine and acupuncture at In-patient and Out-patient Clinics. Year 3 students will learn to diagnose and treat internal diseases by applying the diagnostic method of TCM internal medicine and the technique of acupuncture and moxibustion. Also, students are expected to

demonstrate the appropriate use of medical instruments, such as stethoscopes, sphygmomanometer and etc. Students also have the opportunity to handle medical records and routine procedures throughout the clinical training.

**CMED 3131-2 中醫內科學—— (0.5,0,1.5)  
見習(一)及(二)**

**Internal Medicine of Chinese Medicine—  
Clinic I & II**

兼修科目：CMED 3111-2 中醫內科學(一)及(二)  
本科通過讓學生在醫院和診所中見習，增加學生的感性認識，了解中醫內科疾病的診治過程和方法，理論知識與臨床實踐相結合，為畢業實習階段的學習打下良好的基礎。

Co-requisite: CMED 3111-2 Internal Medicine of Chinese Medicine I & II

This course aims to provide students with training opportunities in TCM internal medicine in outpatient clinics. The students will learn to apply the knowledge acquired during the first two years of TCM studies to diagnose and treat internal diseases of patients by observing professional TCM practitioners' clinical consultations.

**CMED 3140 臨床針灸學 (3,3,0)  
Acupuncture–Clinical Practice**

本科學習各種針灸技法，以及如何運用針灸治療各種常見病。  
This course is aimed to equip student with knowledge and skills in using acupuncture to treat various kinds of diseases commonly seen in acupuncture practice. Building on the knowledge acquired in the course of Acupuncture – Basic Theories (CMED 2140), students will study the use of acupuncture to treat diseases in Internal Medicine, Gynecology, Pediatrics, External Diseases, Diseases of the Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat, and Emergency Medicine.

After completion of this course student are expected to be able to: i) make diagnosis and differential diagnosis of diseases commonly seen in acupuncture practice according to the theories of traditional Chinese medicine (TCM); ii) apply the appropriate acupuncture treatments to each disease based on the diagnosis under supervision of CM practitioner; and iii) advise patients on life style adjustment and health keeping for the relevant condition.

**CMED 3220 中醫兒科學 (3,3,0) (P)  
Paediatrics of Chinese Medicine**

本科是研究小兒生長發育、預防保健和疾病診治的一門學科，內容包括中醫兒科的基本理論、中醫兒科的臨床常見病證的辨證論治及預防保健知識。

This course aims to equip students with knowledge and skills in applying Pediatrics of Chinese medicine to treat various kinds of pediatrics diseases. The students will learn to apply the knowledge acquired during the first three years of TCM studies to diagnose and to treat pediatrics diseases by TCM syndrome differentiation and Chinese medicinal formulas. Upon completion of this course, students are expected to be capable of: (i) Making correct TCM diagnosis, syndrome differentiation and principles for the treatment of pediatrics diseases; (ii) Applying the appropriate TCM formulas to treat pediatrics diseases; (iii) Advising lifestyle adjustments and healthy living to patients and their family on the relevant condition based on TCM theories.

**CMED 3230 中醫五官科學 (3,3,0) (P)  
Ophthalmology, Otorhinolaryngology of  
Chinese Medicine**

通過學習，熟悉和理解中醫眼、耳鼻喉科的基本理論和診療技能，掌握眼、耳鼻喉科常見疾病的診斷、內外治法和預防護理措施等，為臨床實踐打下良好基礎。

This course provides the fundamental theory of ophthalmology and otorhinolaryngology of Chinese medicine, the basic knowledge of these diseases and the rules of treatment based on the differentiation of symptoms and signs.